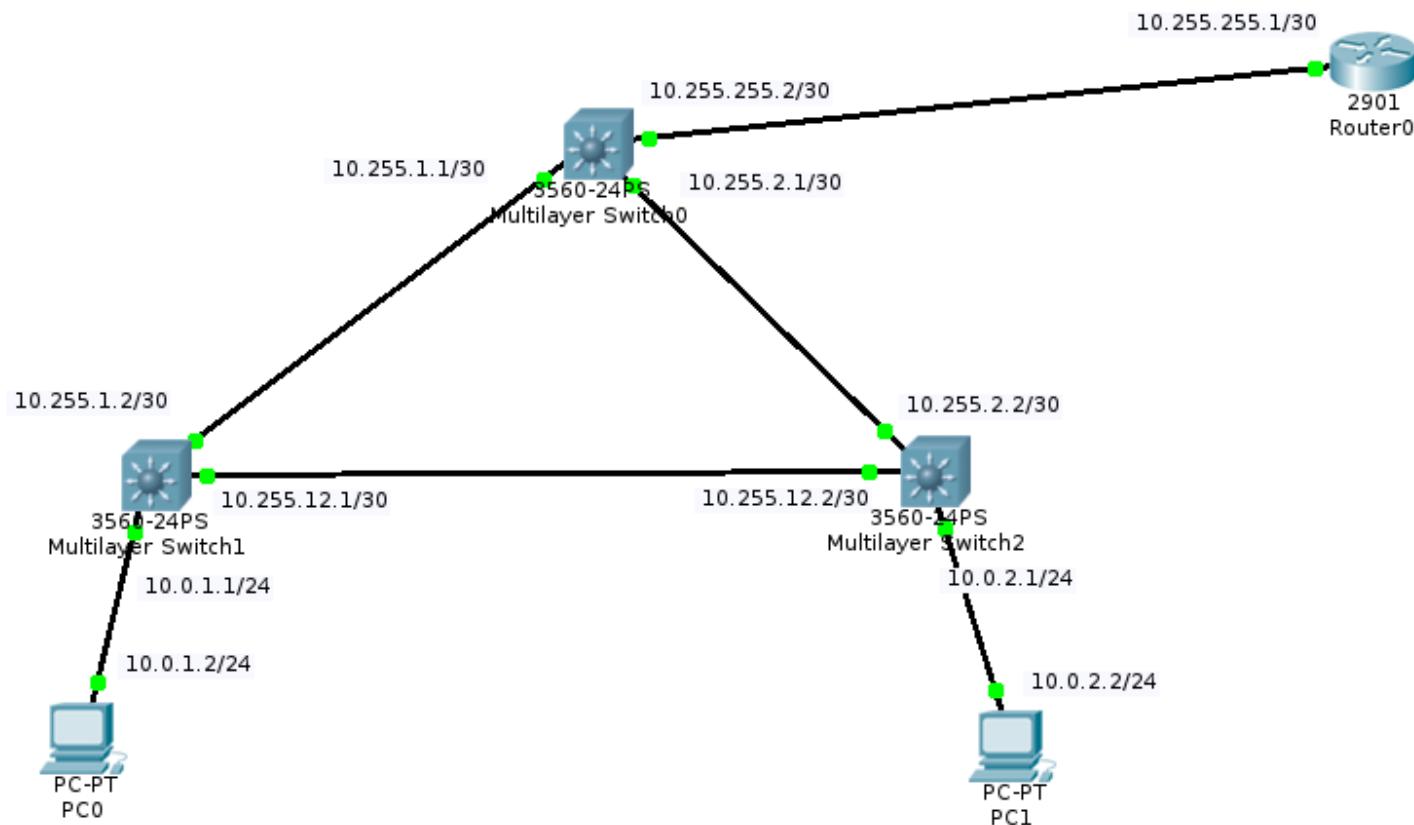


# OSPF – príklad



# OSPF – príklad

```
sw1(config)#ip routing
sw1(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
sw1(config-if)#no switchport
sw1(config-if)#ip address 10.255.1.2 255.255.255.252
sw1(config-if)#exit
sw1(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
sw1(config-if)#no switchport
sw1(config-if)#ip address 10.255.12.1 255.255.255.252
sw1(config-if)#exit
sw1(config)#interface Vlan 1
sw1(config-if)#ip address 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0
sw1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

# OSPF – príklad

```
sw2(config)#ip routing
sw2(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
sw2(config-if)#no switchport
sw2(config-if)#ip address 10.255.2.2 255.255.255.252
sw2(config-if)#exit
sw2(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
sw2(config-if)#no switchport
sw2(config-if)#ip address 10.255.12.2 255.255.255.252
sw2(config-if)#exit
sw2(config)#interface Vlan 1
sw2(config-if)#ip address 10.0.2.1 255.255.255.0
sw2(config-if)#no shutdown
```

# OSPF – príklad

```
sw0(config)#ip routing
sw0(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
sw0(config-if)#no switchport
sw0(config-if)#ip address 10.255.1.1 255.255.255.252
sw0(config-if)#exit
sw0(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
sw0(config-if)#no switchport
sw0(config-if)#ip address 10.255.2.1 255.255.255.252
sw0(config-if)#exit
sw0(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/1
sw0(config-if)#no switchport
sw0(config-if)#ip address 10.255.255.2 255.255.255.252
sw0(config-if)#exit
```

# OSPF – príklad

```
sw1(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
sw1(config-router)#router-id 10.0.1.1
```

```
sw1(config-router)#network 10.255.1.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
sw1(config-router)#network 10.255.12.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
sw1(config-router)#redistribute connected subnets
```

```
sw1(config-router)#exit
```

# OSPF – príklad

```
sw2(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
sw2(config-router)#router-id 10.0.2.1
```

```
sw2(config-router)#network 10.255.2.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
sw2(config-router)#network 10.255.12.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
sw2(config-router)#redistribute connected subnets
```

```
sw2(config-router)#exit
```

# OSPF – príklad

```
sw0(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
sw0(config-router)#router-id 10.255.1.1
```

```
sw0(config-router)#network 10.255.1.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
sw0(config-router)#network 10.255.2.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
```

```
sw0(config-router)#default-information originate
```

```
sw0(config-router)#exit
```

```
sw0(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.255.255.1
```

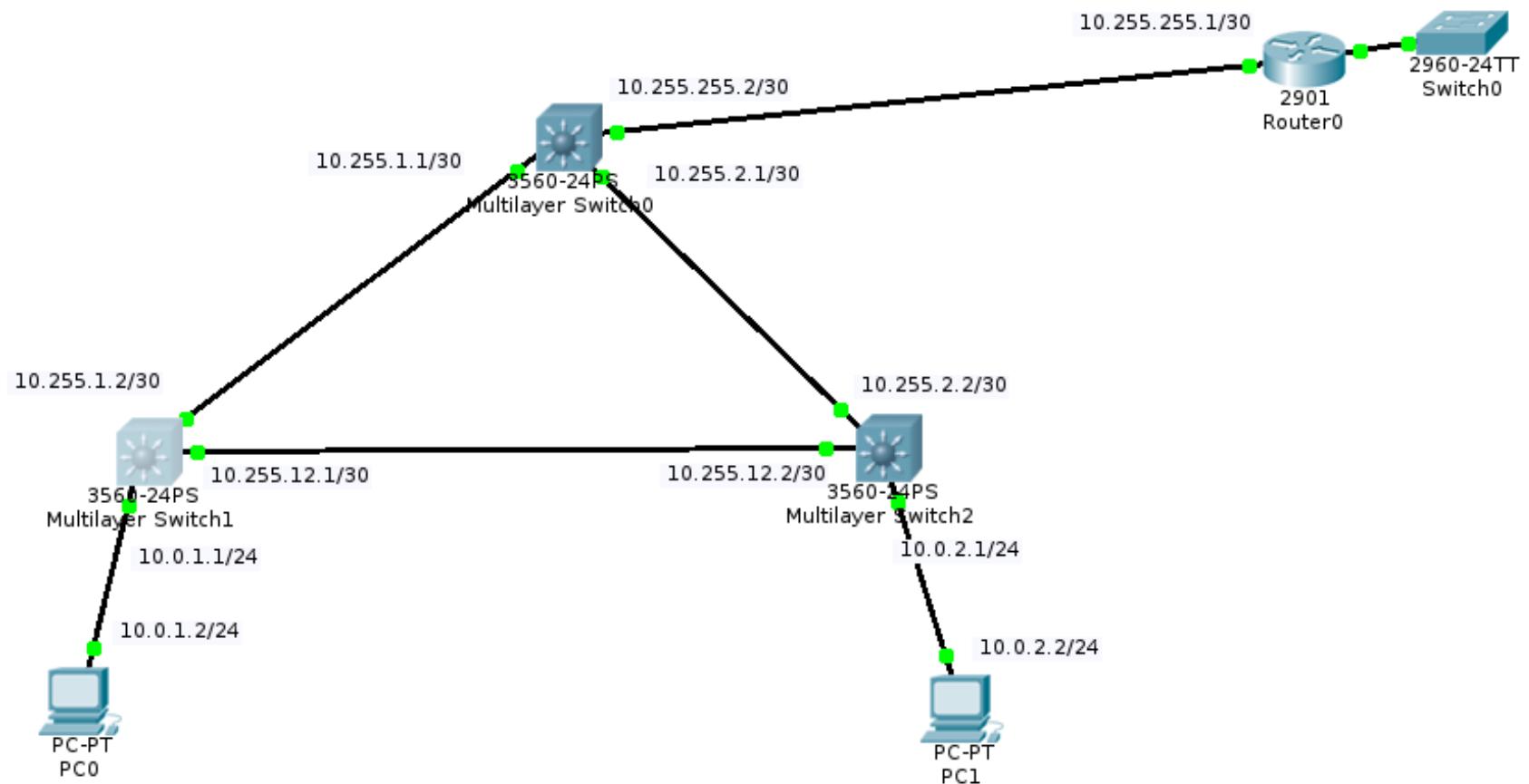
# OSPF – príklad

```
sw1#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is 10.255.1.1 to network 0.0.0.0

```
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
C        10.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, Vlan1
O E2    10.0.2.0/24 [110/20] via 10.255.12.2, 00:16:50, GigabitEthernet0/2
C        10.255.1.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
O        10.255.2.0/30 [110/2] via 10.255.1.1, 00:12:21, GigabitEthernet0/1
                  [110/2] via 10.255.12.2, 00:12:21, GigabitEthernet0/2
C        10.255.12.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
O*E2   0.0.0.0/0 [110/1] via 10.255.1.1, 00:07:20, GigabitEthernet0/1
```

# BGP – príklad



# BGP – príklad

```
sw0(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
sw0(config-router)#redistribute bgp 2 subnets
```

```
sw0(config)#router bgp 2
```

```
sw0(config-router)#neighbor 10.255.255.1 remote-as 1
```

```
sw0(config-router)#network 10.0.1.0 mask 255.255.255.0
```

```
sw0(config-router)#network 10.0.2.0 mask 255.255.255.0
```

# BGP – príklad

```
Router(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 1.2.3.1
```

```
Router(config)#router bgp 1
```

```
Router(config-router)#neighbor 10.255.255.2 remote-as 2
```

```
Router(config-router)#redistribute static
```

# BGP – príklad

```
Router#sh ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is 1.2.3.1 to network 0.0.0.0

```
1.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C       1.2.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
L       1.2.3.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 3 masks
B       10.0.1.0/24 [20/0] via 10.255.255.2, 00:09:05
B       10.0.2.0/24 [20/0] via 10.255.255.2, 00:09:05
C       10.255.255.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L       10.255.255.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
S*     0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 1.2.3.1
```

# BGP – príklad

```
sw0#sh ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is 10.255.255.1 to network 0.0.0.0

```
*   0.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
B*   0.0.0.0 [20/0] via 10.255.255.1, 00:10:06
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
O     10.0.1.0/24 [110/2] via 10.255.1.2, 00:09:16, GigabitEthernet0/1
O     10.0.2.0/24 [110/2] via 10.255.2.2, 00:09:16, GigabitEthernet0/2
C     10.255.1.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
C     10.255.2.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
O     10.255.12.0/30 [110/2] via 10.255.2.2, 00:09:16, GigabitEthernet0/2
                  [110/2] via 10.255.1.2, 00:09:16, GigabitEthernet0/1
C     10.255.255.0/30 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
```

# BGP – príklad

```
sw1#sh ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is 10.255.1.1 to network 0.0.0.0

```
*   0.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
0*E2   0.0.0.0 [110/1] via 10.255.1.1, 00:09:59, GigabitEthernet0/1
      10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
C     10.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, Vlan1
O     10.0.2.0/24 [110/2] via 10.255.12.2, 00:09:59, GigabitEthernet0/2
C     10.255.1.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
O     10.255.2.0/30 [110/2] via 10.255.12.2, 00:09:59, GigabitEthernet0/2
                  [110/2] via 10.255.1.1, 00:09:59, GigabitEthernet0/1
C     10.255.12.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
```